# STEPPING STONE CONSTRUCTION PRIVATE LIMITED 4/97, First Floor, Subhash Nagar West Delhi, Delhi CIN: U45400DL2015PTC283415

# Balance sheet as at 31st March 2021

(Amount in Rs.)

		(Amount in Rs		
Particulars	Note No.	As at 31st March,	As at 31st March	
	1,0101101	2021	2020	
A. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
<ol> <li>Shareholders' funds         <ul> <li>(a) Share capital</li> <li>(b) Reserves and surplus</li> <li>(c) Share Application Money Pending Allotment</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	3 4	61,98,320 (2,37,37,098) 12,35,25,834	61,98,32 1,22,51,14	
2. Non-Current liabilities (a) Long Term Borrowings	5	50,61,51,757	4,98,95,320	
<ul><li>2. Current liabilities</li><li>(a) Other Current Liabilities</li><li>(b) Short term provisions</li></ul>	6 7	3,09,48,000	2,08,18,285	
B. ASSETS		64,30,86,813	8,91,63,074	
<ul><li>1. Non-current assests</li><li>(a) Property, Plant and Equipments</li><li>(b) Non-Current Investments</li></ul>	8 9	4,50,79,867 27,97,99,097	6,36,62,135 1,49,44,541	
2. Current assests  (a) Cash and bank balance  (b) Short term loans and advances	10 11	98.627 31,81,09,222	17.49,663 88.06,735	
		64,30,86,813	8,91,63,074	

Significant accounting policies & Notes to Financial Statement: 1-26

The notes referred to above form an intergral part of the Financial statements

As per our report attached

FOR TAKS & CO.

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 030474N

CA Kuldeep Pander RED ACC

Partner

M. No: 548802

UDIN: Place : Delhi

Date:

For and on behalf of the Board of Stepping Stone Construction Private Limited

Director

Hari Bhagwan Sharma

DIN: 02542653

Fran Bhalwan shame

Director

Vijay Kumar

DIN: 08787879

# STEPPING STONE CONSTRUCTION PRIVATE LIMITED 4/97, First Floor, Subhash Nagar West Delhi, Delhi

CIN: U45400DL2015PTC283415

# Profit and Loss Statement for the Period ending 31st March 2021

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	Note No.	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Revenue from operations			
Other income	12	59,29,504	7,74,957
Total revenue	12	59,29,504	7,74,957
Expenses			
Operational Expenses	×		
Employee benefit Expenses	13	5,53,777	88,000
Finance Cost	14	2,407	-
Other Expenses	15	3,08,97,812	47,770
Total expenses		3,14,53,996	1,35,770
Profit/(Loss) before tax		(2,55,24,493)	6,39,187
Prior Period Item		(1,02,82,268)	-
Tax expenses:			
- Current tax	1	-	
Short and Excess Provisions of Earlier Year		1,81,486	
- Deffered tax Liabilities		-	
Net Profit/(Loss) for the period		(3,59,88,247)	6,39,187
Profit/(Loss) per share (equity shares, par value of Rs 10			
each)			
-Basic	1 1	(58.06)	1.03
-Diluted		(58.06)	1.03

Significant accounting policies & Notes to Financial Statement: 1-26

The notes referred to above form an intergral part of the Financial statements

As per our report attached

FOR TAKS & CO.

Chartered Accountants &

FRN: 030474X

For and on behalf of the Board of Stepping Stone Construction Private Limited

CA Kuldeep Pande ACCO

Partner

M. No: 548802

UDIN:

Place : Delhi Date: Director

Hani Bhafwanshan

Hari Bhagwan Sharma

DIN: 02542653

Vijay J

Vijay Kumar

DIN: 08787879

# STEPPING STONE CONSTRUCTION PRIVATE LIMITED CIN: U45400DL2015PTC283415

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2021

(Amount in Rs.)

	Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Α.	Cash flows from operating activities		
	Profit before taxation and after exceptional items	(3,58,06,761)	6,39,187
	Adjustments for :		
	Finance Cost	2,407	
	Interest Income		7,23,207
	Dividend Income	(1,44,440)	-
	Loss on Sale of Property	1,02,82,268	-
	Loss on Sale of Investments	2,79,78,195	-
	Operating profit before working capital changes Adjustments for:	23,11,670	13,62,394
	(Increase) / Decrease in loans and advances	(30,93,02,487)	(7,03,747)
	(Increase) / Decrease in other current assets	- 1	-
	Increase / (Decrease) in other current liabilities	1,01,29,715	1,21,28,830
	Cash generated from Operations	(29,68,61,102)	1,27,87,477
	Direct taxes paid (net)	(1,81,486)	-
	Net cash (used) in / from operating activities	(29,70,42,588)	1,27,87,477
В.	Cash flows from investing activities		
	Sale of Investments	30,02,36,500	-
	Purchase of investment	(59,30,69,251)	
	Sale of Fixed Assets	83,00,000	
	Purchase of Fixed Assets	-	
	Dividend Income	1,44,440	
	Net cash (used) in / from investing activities	(28,43,88,311)	-
C.	Cash flows from financing activities	202 7000 1000000000000	
	Proceeds from Long Term borrowings	45,62,56,437	(1,07,09,281)
	Proceeds from Issue of Equity Shares Application	12,35,25,834	
	Finance Cost	(2,407)	-
	Interest received		(7,23,207)
	Net cash (used) in / from financing activities	57,97,79,864	(1,14,32,488)
	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(16,51,036)	13,54,989
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	17,49,663	3,94,674
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	98,627	17,49,663

As per our report on even date

FOR TAKS & CO.

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 030474N

CA Kuldeep Pander

Partner

M. No: 548802

Place : Delhi

For and on behalf of the Board of Stepping Stone Construction Private Limited

Director

Hari Bhagwan Sharma

DIN: 02542653

Ham Bhalwan shame.

Director

Vijay Kumar DIN: 08787879

#### STEPPING STONE CONSTRUCTION PRIVATE LIMITED CIN: U45400DL2015PTC283415

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED ON 31ST MARCH, 2021

#### NOTE -1 Corporate Information

The company is registered under Companies Act 2013 and it is incorporated in 2015. The company was incorporated with main objects to carry on buisiness of constructions in Real Estate Sector.

#### NOTE -2 Significant accounting policies

(a) Basis of accounting and preparation of financial statements

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values. GAAP comprises mandatory accounting standards as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the provisions of the Act (to the extent notified). The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those followed in the previous year.

#### (b) Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year. The Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognized in the periods in which the results are known / materialize.

#### (c) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized on transfer of significant risk & reward which can be reliably measured and it is reasonable to expect ultimate collection and there exists no significant uncertainty in its ultimate realization.

#### (d) Depreciation & amortisation

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE) is provided to the extent of depreciable amount on the written down value method Depreciation is provided based on useful life of the assets as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act 2013, which are as follows

Asset Head	Useful life
Plant & Machinery	15 Years
Vehicles	8 Years
Furniture & Fixtures	10 Years
Computers	6/3 Years
Office Equipments	5 Years
Intangible Assets	10 Years
***************************************	

The residual value and the useful life of an asset is reviewed at each financial year end.

(e) Property, Plant and Equipment

Items of Property, plant and equipment are measured at its cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. The cost comprises its purchase price including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes after deducting trade discounts and rebates and any cost directly attributable to bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use.

Subsequent expenditures related to an item of Tangible asset are added to its book value only if they increase the future benefits from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standards of performance.

Projects under which assets are not ready for their intended use are disclosed under Capital work in Progress

Items of property, plant and equipment retired from active use and held for disposal is stated at the lower of their carrying amount and net realisable value. Any write-down in this regard is recognised immediately in the statement of profit and loss

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#### (f) Intangible Assets

An intangible asset is recognised only when it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the enterprise and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably.

Subsequent expenditure on an intangible asset after its purchase or its completion recognised as an intangible asset it is probable that the expenditure will enable the asset to generate future economic benefits in excess of its originally assessed standard of performance and the expenditure can be measured and attributed to the asset reliably.

Intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any

An intangible asset is derecognised (eliminated from the balance sheet) on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use and subsequent disposal.

The depreciable amount of an intangible asset is allocated on a systematic basis over the best estimate of its useful life.

#### (g) Cash and Cash equivalent

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and cash on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to insignificant risk of change in value.

#### (h) SEGMENT REPORTING

A business segment is a distinguishable component of an enterprise that is engaged in providing an individual product or service or a group of related products or services and that is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments

Internal organisation and management structure of an enterprise and its system of internal financial reporting to the board of directors and the chief executive officer should normally be the basis for identifying the predominant source and nature of risks and differing rates of return facing the enterprise and, therefore, for determining which reporting format is primary and which is secondary

#### Reportable Segments

A business segment or geographical segment should be identified as a reportable segment if

- (a) its revenue from sales to external customers and from transactions with other segments is 10 per cent or more of the total revenue, external and internal, of all segments; or
- (b) its segment result, whether profit or loss, is 10 per cent or more of:
  - (i) the combined result of all segments in profit, or
  - (ii) the combined result of all segments in loss,
  - (iii) its segment assets are 10 per cent or more of the total assets of all segments.

#### (i) Earning per share

Basic Earning Per Share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, net profit after tax during the year and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effect of all dilutive potential equity shares.

#### (j) Impairment of Assets

An asset is treated as impaired when the carrying cost of asset exceeds its recoverable value. An impairment loss is charged to the Profit and Loss Account in the year in which an asset is identified as impaired. The impairment loss recognised in prior accounting period is reversed if there has been a change in the estimate of recoverable amount.

#### (k) Provisions and contingencies

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

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#### (I) Investments

Investments are classified as long term investments and current investments. The carrying amount for current investments is the lower of cost and fair value. For current investments, any reduction to fair value and any reversals of such reductions are included in the profit and loss statement. Long-term investments are usually carried at cost. Any decline, other than temporary, in the value of a long term investment, the carrying amount is reduced to recognise the decline. On disposal of an investment, the difference between the carrying amount and the disposal proceeds, net of expenses, is recognised in the profit and loss statement.

Following quoted shares has market value as on 31.03.2021

Name of Security	No. of Shares	Market Value
Vikas Surya Buildwell Private Limited	300000	1,49,44,541
Best Agrolife Ltd	491296	21,00,78,170
Integra Garments and Textile Limited	105584	4,22,336
Mahanagar Telephone Nigam Limited	41000	7,68,750
Rushil Décor Limited	1000	2,09,350
Vikas Ecotech Limited	7	16
Vikas Multicorp Limited	171	504

There was no investment in quoted shares in previous years

#### (m) Accounting for taxes on income

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current income-tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Income-tax Act, 1961. Deferred income taxes reflect the impact of timing differences between taxable income and accounting income originating during the current year and reversal of timing differences for the earlier years. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Minimum alternative tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives rise to future economic benefits in the form of adjustment of future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax in future years. Accordingly, MAT paid over and above the normal income tax liability for the period is recognized as an asset in the balance sheet when it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Company and the asset can be measured reliably.

During the year, the Company has not opted for taxation under Section 115BAA of the Income Tax Act, 1961 as introduced by the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2019 for the current financial year. Accordingly, the provision for income tax and deferred tax balances have been recorded/ remeasured using the old tax rate.

> For and on behalf of the Board of Stepping Stone Construction Private Limited

Hari Bhagwan Sharma

Hani Bhalwan Sham

Vijay Kumar DIN: 02542653 DIN: 08787879

# STEPPING STONE CONSTRUCTION PRIVATE LIMITED

#### CIN: U45400DL2015PTC283415

# Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

#### 3. SHARE CAPITAL

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
3(a) Authorised		
7,00,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each (previous Year 7,00,000 equity shares of Rs 10 each)	70,00,000	70,00,000
3(b) Issued, subscribed and paid up		
6,19,832 equity shares of Rs 10 each, Fully Paidup (Previous Year 6,19,832 equity shares of Rs 10 each, Fully Paidup)	61,98,320	61,98,320
	61,98,320	61,98,320

# 3 (c) Reconciliation of Shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Balance at the beginning of the period	6,19,832	6,19,832
Add: Share Issued during the period		
Balance at the end of the period	6,19,832	6,19,832

#### 3 (d) Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10/- per share is entiltled to one vote per share.

3 (e) List of persons holding more than 5 percent shares in the Company

	As at	As at
	31st March 2021	31st March 2020
Name of the share holder	No of shares	No of shares
Madhu Singhal	4,00,000	4,00,000
Vikas Garg	34,166	34,166
Naresh Kumar Singhal	45,000	45,000
Vasu Welfare Trust	12.000	12,000
Vrinda Welfare Trust	12,000	12,000
Ketav Multicorp Private Limited	96,666	96,666
Hari Bhagwan Sharma	20,000	20,000

#### 4. RESERVES AND SURPLUS

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
4(a) Surplus in statement of Profit and Loss Profit/(Loss) account - Opening balance Add: Net Profit/(Loss) for the period Closing Balance (A)	(1,95,491) (3,59,88,247) (3,61,83,738)	(8,34,678) 6,39,187
4(b)Securities Premium Opening Balance Add: Received during the year	1,24,46,640.00	1,24,46,640.00
Closing Balance (B)	1,24,46,640.00	1,24,46,640.00
Total (A+B)	(2,37,37,098)	1,22,51,149

#### 5. LONG TERM BORROWINGS

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Unsecured		
Loan from Directors		4,99,543
Loan from Members	1 21	59,60,020
Intercorporate Deposits	50,61,51,757	4,34,35,757
i e		
Total	50,61,51,757	4,98,95,320

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#### 6. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Duties and Taxes		3,21,193
Advance Against Property		83,00,000
Audit Fee Payable	25,000	25,000
From Others	3,09,23,000	1,21,72,092
Total	3,09,48,000	2,08,18,285

#### 7. SHORT-TERM PROVISIONS

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
- For Tax		
Provision for Income Tax		_
Total Total		

#### 9. CURRENT INVESTMENTS

Particulars		As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Unquoted Shares			
Investments in Equity Instruments (Carried at Cost) (Vikas Surya Buildwell Private Limited	1	1.49,44,541	1,49,44,541
3.00,000/- equity share face value of Rs. 10 each, previous year	3,00,000/-		
equity share face value of Rs. 10 each))			
Quoted Shares			
Investments in Equity Instruments (Carried at Cost)		26,48,54,556	
Total		27,97,99,097	1,49,44,541

#### 10. CASH AND BANK BALANCE

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand (Certified by the management)	44,866	44,866
Balances with banks: In current account	53,761	17,04,796
Total	98,627	17,49,663

#### 11. SHORT TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Unsecured, considered good		
Other Advances	31,45,25,754	86,77,540
Additional Margin for Share	1,50,044	-
Balances with government authorities	1,09,618	1,29,195
Balances with Depositary	33,23,806	1,42,122
Total	31,81,09,222	88,06,735

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#### 12. OTHER INCOME

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Interest Income	-	7,23,207
Dividend Income	1,44,440	14
Balance written up	57,85,064	51,750
Total	59,29,504	7,74,957

#### 13.Employee benefit Expense

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Employee Benefit Expenses Staff Welfare	5,12,240 41,537	88,000
Total	5,53,777	88,000

#### 14. FINANCE COST

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Bank Charges Interest on Loan	2,407	
Total	2,407	

#### 15. OTHER EXPENSES

	As at	As at
Particulars	31st March 2021	31st March 2020
Audit Fees	25,000	20,000
Fees and filing	30,665	27,770
Business Promotion Expenses	2.71,613	
Conveyance Charges	88,088	
Insurance Expenses	16,523	
Legal and Professional fees	1,60,387	
Processing Charges	19,357	ar .
Transaction, Stamp and GST Charges	21,14,946	
Demat Expenses	7,010	
Printing & Stationery	92.245	
Travelling Exp	93,803	
Other Expenses	67.702	
Short Term Capital Gain & Loss	2,79,10,473	
Total	3,08,97,812	47,770

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16. In compliance of Accounting Standard 18 on "Related Party Disclosures" issued by the ICAI, details pertaining to related party transactions are as follows:

#### A) List of related Parties

a)Directors

Hari Bhagwan Sharma Vijay Kumar

#### b) Associates Kev Management Personnel

Ketav Multicorp Private Limited

#### B) Transactions with related Parties

31st March 2021	31st March 2020
87,83,80,000	10,00,000
42,68,15,000	90,25,000
•	87,83,80,000

C) Outstanding Balances with Related Parties

Particulars	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
Long term Borrowings Ketav Multicorp Private Limited Hari Bhagwan Sharma	49.50,00,757 4,99,543	4,34,35,757 4,99,543

#### 17. EARNING PER SHARE

Basic and diluted earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net Profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The Company has not issued any potential equity shares, accordingly, basic, and diluted earning per share are the same.

Particulars	Current Year	Previous year
Net profit attributable to equity shareholders Weighed average number of equity shares Basic and diluted earning per share (Rs.)	(3,59,88,246.65) 6,19,832 (58,06)	6,39,187 00 6,19,832 1,03

#### 18. COMMITMENTS

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for

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## 19. EXPENDITURE IN FOREIGN CURRENCY

PARTICULARS	31st March 2021	31st March 2020
	NIL	NIL

20 AUDITORS REMUNERATION

PARTICULARS	31st March 2021	31st March 2020
As Auditor- Statutory Audit Fee	25,000	25,000
Tota	25,000	25,000

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### 21. DISCLOSURE AS PER MICRO, SMALL AND MEDIUM ENTERPRISES DEVELOPMENT ACT,

The information as required to be disclosed in relation to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

Particulars		
	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
The principal amount and the interest due thereon (to be shown separately) remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year.	-	-
The amount of interest paid by the buyer under MSMED Act, 2006 along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.		-
The amount of interest due and payable for the period (where the principal has been paid but interest under MSMED Act, 2006 not paid)	-	-
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and	-	-
The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23.	-	-

#### 22. SEGMENT REPORTING

Company is engaged in a single business segment i.e Real estate sector. A single business segment does not include products and services with significantly differing risks and returns. Similarly company is engaged in a single geographical segment which does not include operations in economic environments with significantly differing risks and returns. Therefore, there are no segments to be reported as required under Accounting statdard 17.

#### 23. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As per Information Available, there is no contingent liabilities as on 31.03.2021 and there are no pending

- 24. The account receivables, unsecured loans and current liabilities are subject to confirmation from the concerned parties/authorities. The boards of directors are pursuing the matter with parties.
- 25. As information provided by the management, Company had entered sale agreement in FY 2017-18 against which Rs. 83 Lakh was received but due to some internal issue sales transaction of this proerpty were not booked and shown as advance against property however this transaction finalized in FY 2020-21 and shown in prior period item with loss of Rs. 10.28 Crore
- 26. These financial statements have been prepared in the format prescribed by the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Previous years figures have been recast / restated & wherever necessary to make them comparable with figure of current year.

The notes referred to above form an intergral part of the Financial Statement

FOR TAKS & COL S Cnartered (countants FRN: 030474N

For and on behalf of the Board of Stepping Stone Construction Private Limited

CA Kuldee Partner

M. No: 548802 Place : Delhi UDIN:

Director Hari Bhagwan Sharma

Fran Bhalwan Sham

DIN: 02542653

Director Vijay Kumar DIN: 08787879

# STEPPING STONE CONSTRUCTION PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U45400DL2015PTC283415
Depriciation chart as per Schedule-II of the Companies Act, 2013
For the Financial Year 2020-21

Note No. 8	Note No. 8 Property, Flant and Equipments	Killis	Gross block	block			ĭ	Depreciation and	Depreciation and amortisation	Depreciation and amortisation
S. No.	Asset description	As at	Additions during the	Deletions during the	As at 31 March 2021	1 A	As at 1 April	Charge for the period	Charge for the period	
		i white more	period	period			0707			
	Tangible assets									
	I I I Duilding	581 69 98 9		1,85,82,268	4,50,79,867			1		
-	Peasemon paname	500000000000000000000000000000000000000								
					4 50 79 867		ı			
	Total	6,36,62,135		1	4,00,10,00					
	Previous Vear	6.36.62.135		-	6,36,62,133	1				



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Director Vijay Kumar DIN: 08787879

Director Hari Bhagwan Sharma DIN: 02542653